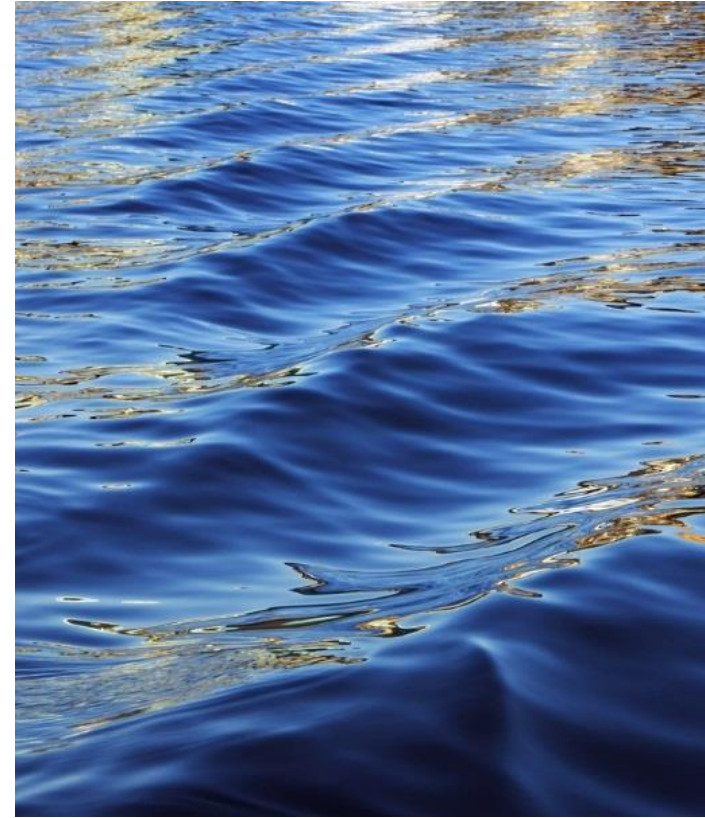




# The Interoperable Watersheds Network

Data Standards in Action

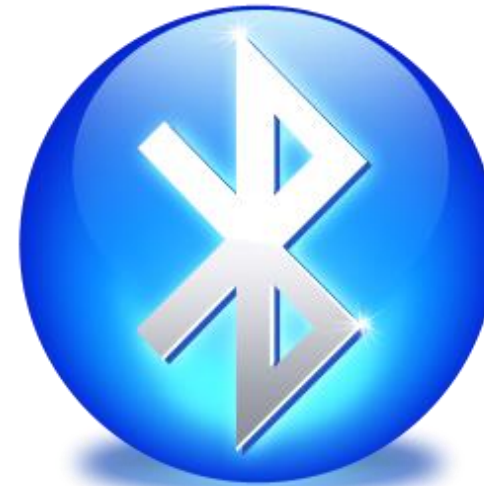


# Outline

- What's the problem we're trying to solve?
- What would standardized sensor data enable?
- How IWN is a step towards solving these problems
  - Data Standards
  - Metadata
  - Architecture
- Project Successes/Lessons Learned
- Example: Demonstration Application – CURRENTS
- Example: Mobile App
- Next Steps

# The World is Built on Standards!

- When people agree to do things in a common way it opens up many opportunities for everybody to do things better.
  - Technology standards: like Bluetooth and Wifi
  - Data Standards: like financial exchanges
  - Government Standards: like the Exchange Network



CANADA	CAD	0.9512	0.8883
CHINA	CNY	7.3169	6.0910
EURO	EUR	0.6644	0.6100
JAPAN	JPY	109.00	102.00
SINGAPORE	SGD	1.3712	1.2630
HONG KONG	HKD	7.0043	6.4072
NEW ZEALAND	NZD	1.1646	1.0675
MALAYSIA	MYR	3.2536	2.7818

Environmental Information  
**exchange**  
Network

The IRS has open standards for electronically filing your taxes, enabling a better user experience



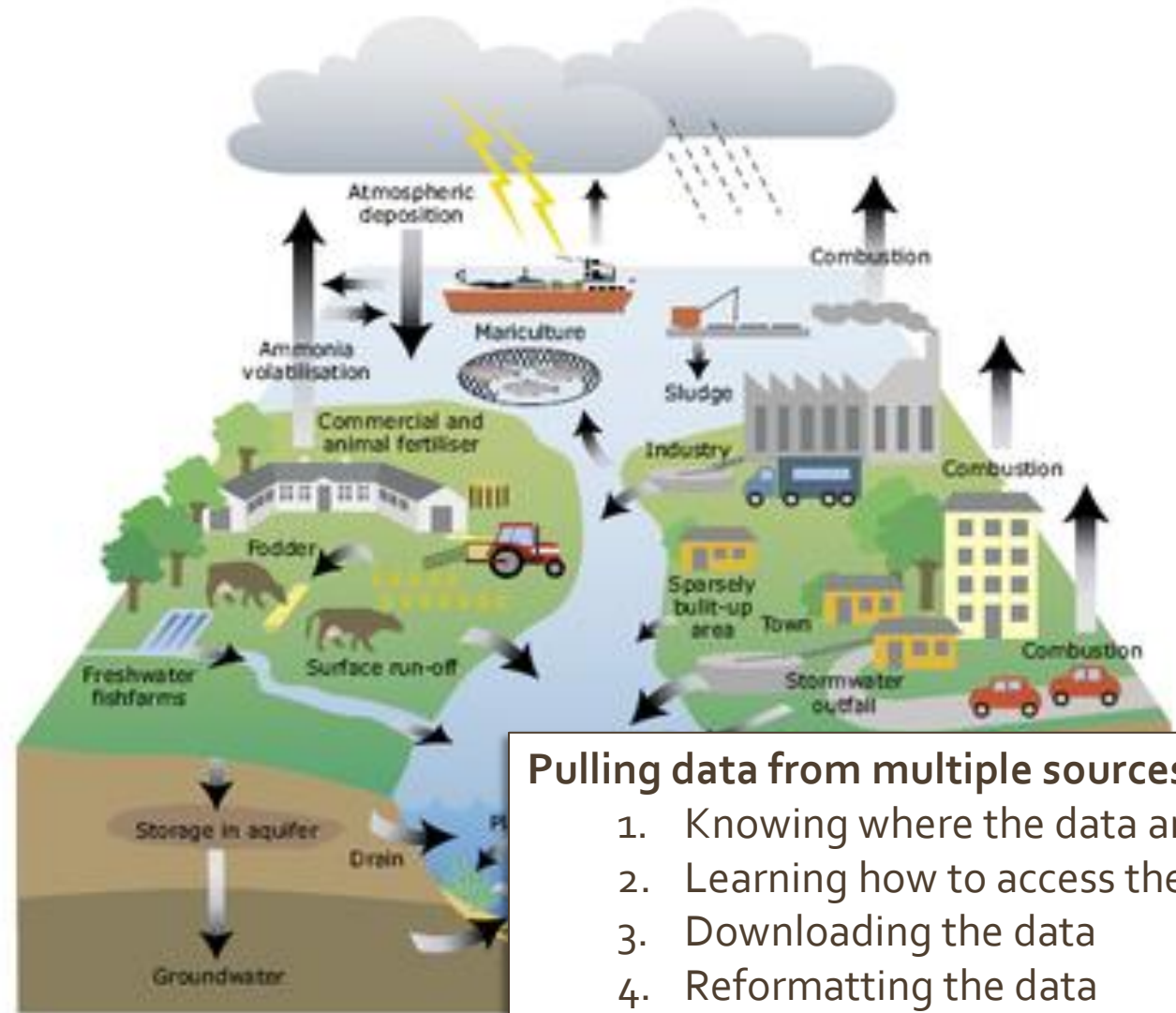
Banking: OFX Standards enable you to access your banking information from many 3<sup>rd</sup>-party applications

# Other Examples of Standards

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# Why Do We Need a Sensor Data Sharing Network?

- Water sensors are emerging as a key technology that can be used to improve monitoring efforts
- Multiple entities (EPA, other federal agencies, states, tribes, local groups) are investing in these new technologies
- This has already resulted in a proliferation of data that are not interoperable



## Pulling data from multiple sources requires:

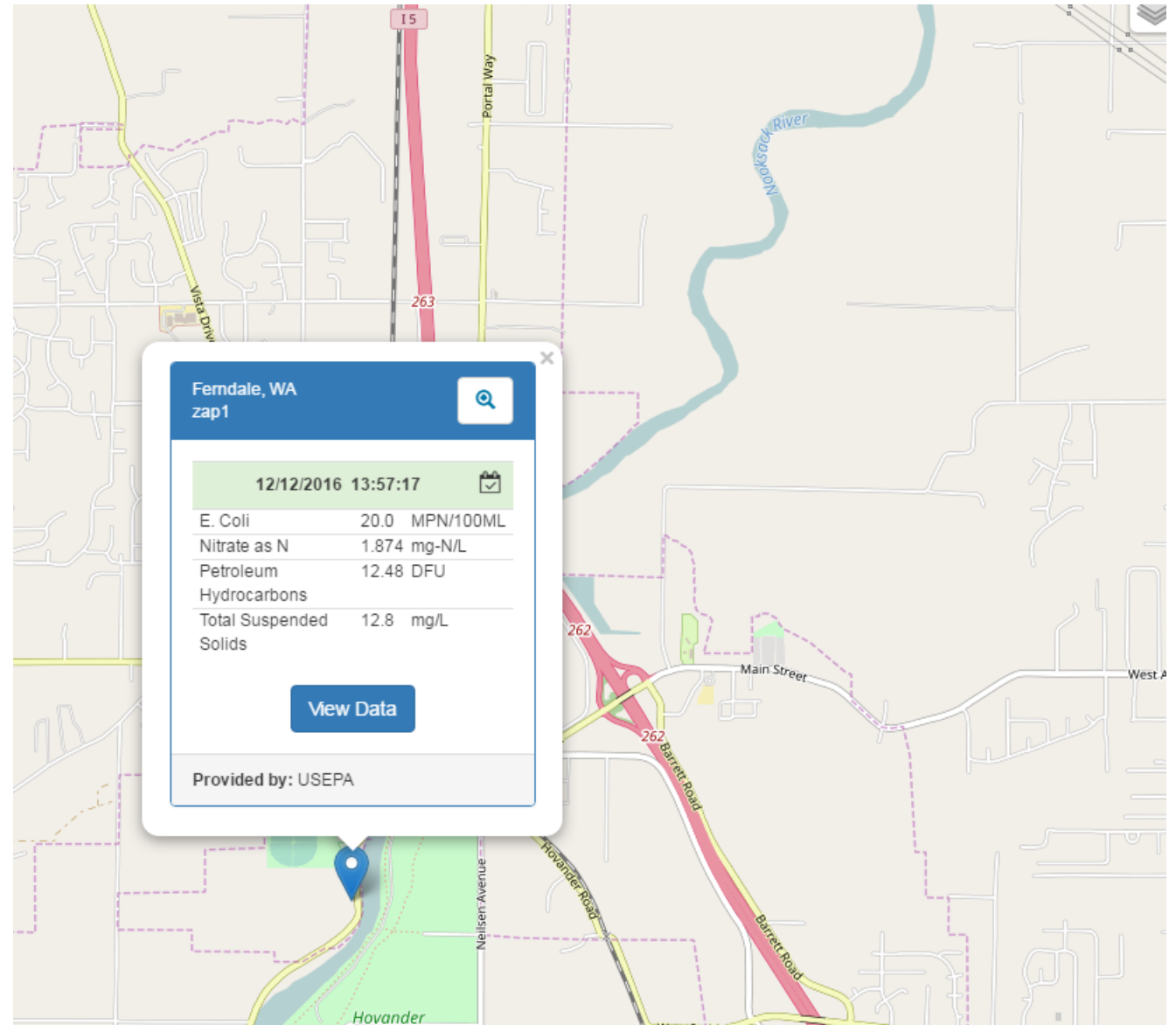
1. Knowing where the data are stored
2. Learning how to access the data
3. Downloading the data
4. Reformatting the data
5. Harmonizing Terms

**This results in a significant amount of lost time**



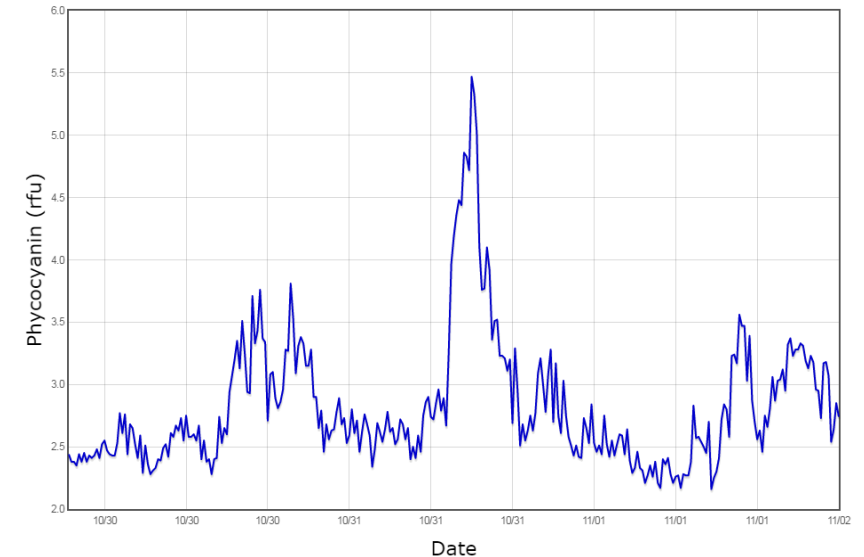
# How IWN is a Step Towards Solving These Problems

- The Interoperable Watersheds Network was a demonstration project that focused on evaluating approaches to improve sensor data sharing
- It was based on knowledge gained from a recommendations report that EPA developed in 2014
- The project focused on addressing three major areas:
  - Data Standards
  - Metadata
  - System Architecture



# The Data Standards Problem

- We needed a common way to represent and communicate the data
- Standards for sensor data already exist, there was no need to create new standards
  - OGC Sensor Observation Service
  - OGC Water ML 2 and Sensor ML
- The Open Geospatial Consortium is an open-source, international standards setting body



# The Metadata Problem

- Needed a standard way to answer the following questions:
  - What data are available and for what parameters?
  - What data can I use?
  - What's the quality of the data?
- IWN had to develop standard ways to do this (no existing standard existed)
- Further work needs to be done in this area

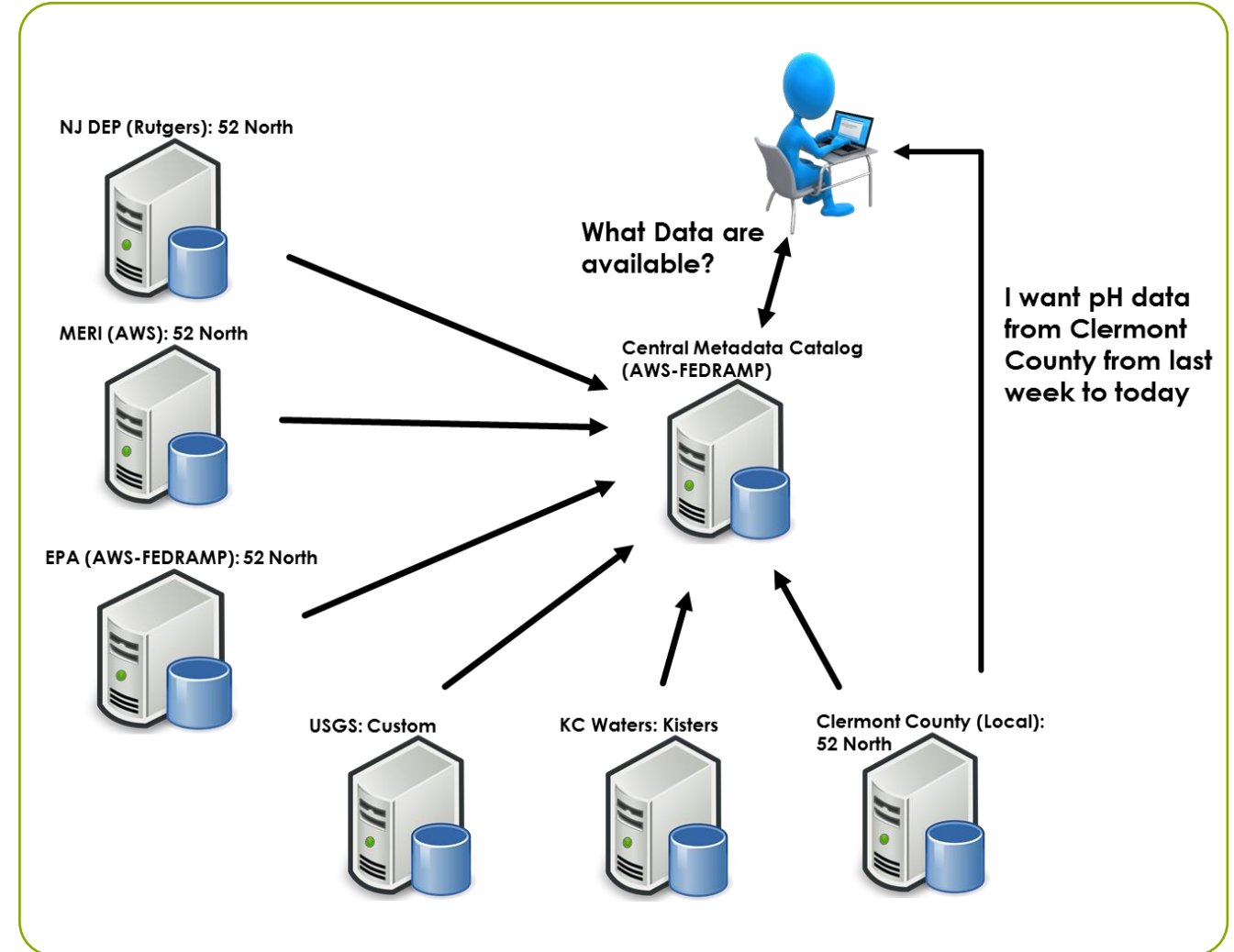




# IWN Used a New Approach for Sharing Data

How do you solve the problem of multiple data providers with large amounts of data that have the potential to change every 3-15 minutes?

- Used a central catalog/index that references every data owner's assets with the corresponding metadata for each sensor
- Allowed for quick searching and discovery of available data
- This approach is similar to how Google allows you to search the internet
- Actual data comes from the partners systems in real-time



# Underlying Catalog Services IWN Defined

- **GetOrganizations:** Returns who is providing data with their endpoints
- **AvailableParameters:** What parameters can be queried
- **GetSensors:** Gets the sensor information and provides different methods for querying sensors (i.e. by county, by HUC, by buffer, by a bounding box, upstream, and downstream)
- **GetSensorParameters:** Gets parameters for a sensor, including the period of record
- **GetOrganizationParameters:** Gets the parameters for an entire Organization

# OGC Defined Services (SOS 2)

Each endpoint supports Sensor Observation Service in XML format (WaterML2)

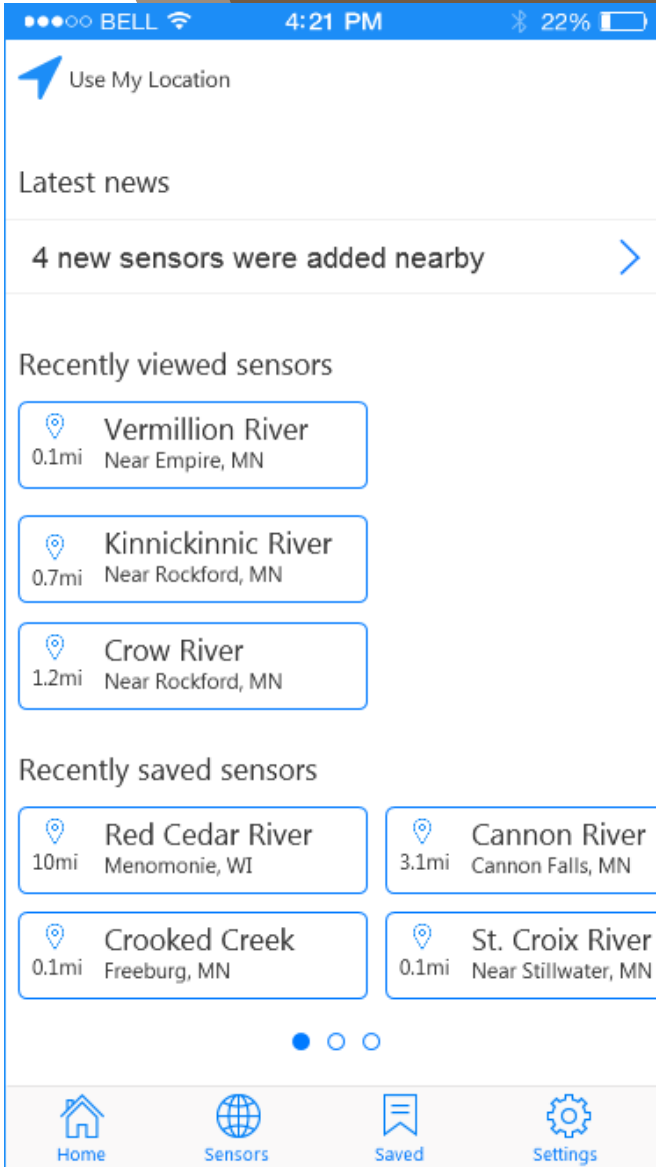
- **GetObservation:** Gets the most recent data or retrieves a collection of data
- **GetCapabilities:** Getting all the metadata from the endpoint
- **DescribeSensor:** Describes the sensor



# Project Successes

- The CURRENTS demonstration tool is available at: <http://54.210.62.171>
- It contains data from:
  - 8 Partners:
    - EPA Region 1: 2 Sensors
    - EPA Region 7: 18 Sensors
    - EPA Region 10: 1 Sensor
    - EPA ORD: 3 Sensors
    - NJ DEP: 106 Sensors
    - NJ Meadowlands: 3 Sensors
    - Clermont County, OH: 4 Sensors
    - USGS: 15,541 Sensors (nationwide coverage)





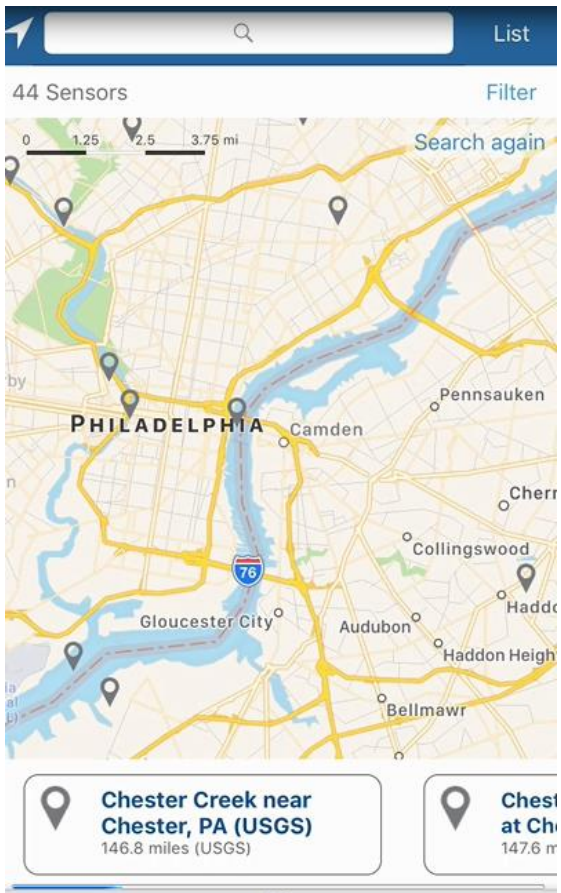
# IWN's Open Architecture Allows Other Possibilities

- IWN is built using an open architecture, meaning that all the functionality you see in the demonstration tool is also available as a corresponding **Web Service** or **Application Program Interface (API)**
- Enables other apps to be developed (like mobile apps)
- Also allows other third-party applications (like Excel) to be able to directly interact with the data without having to go to a website and 'download' the data

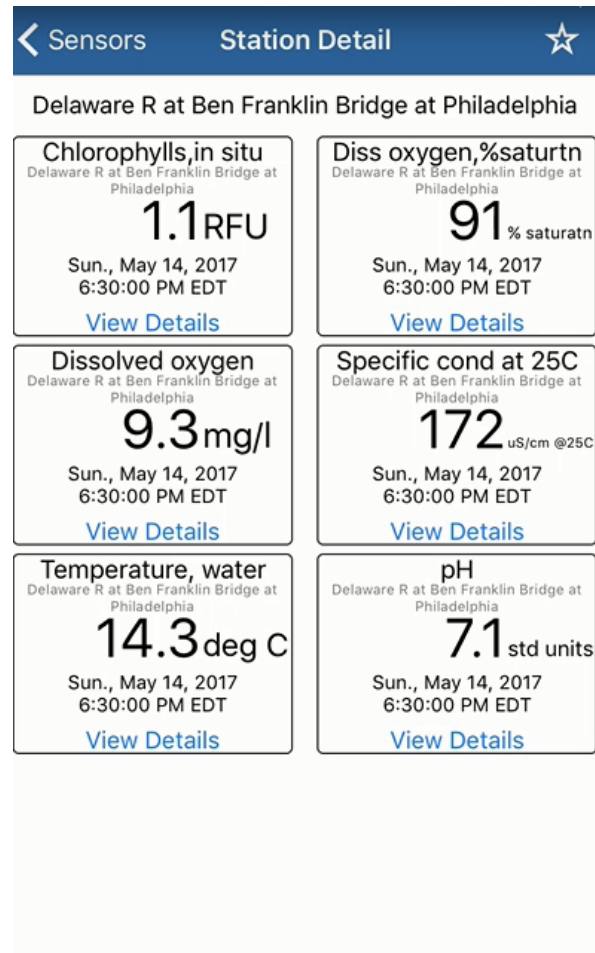


# Real.m in Action

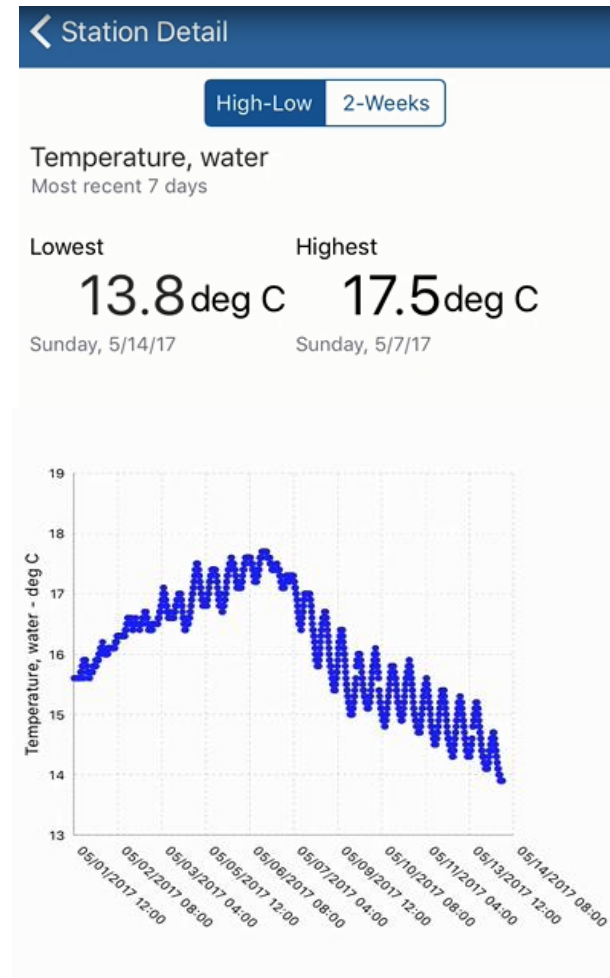
## Discover Sensors



## See Current Readings



## Understand Trends



## View Favorite Sites

Saved Sensors		Edit
		Chlorophyll
	<b>Delaware R at Ben Franklin Bridge at Philadelphia</b> 161.5 miles (USGS)	1.1 RFU
		Escherichia coli
	<b>Ferndale, WA</b> 2338.3 miles (USEPA)	15.3 MP...ML
		Height, gage
	<b>RAPPAHANNOCK RIVER NEAR FREDERICKSBURG,</b> 10.1 miles (USGS)	4.56 ft
	<b>BEAR RIVER NEAR CORINNE, UT</b> 1840.9 miles (USGS)	12.87 ft
		Nitrate as N
	<b>ROCK CREEK AT JOYCE RD WASHINGTON, DC</b> 42.1 miles (USGS)	0.74 mg...s N

## Next Steps

- Demonstration project ended in December 2016
  - A Lessons Learned Report has been completed
    - Available at: [https://www.epa.gov/sites/production/files/2017-01/documents/iwn\\_lessonslearned\\_final\\_201612.pdf](https://www.epa.gov/sites/production/files/2017-01/documents/iwn_lessonslearned_final_201612.pdf)
  - Demonstration tool will continue to be available
  - A mobile app was developed that leverages the services/API developed as part of this project
- Demonstration proved successful
  - Services worked better than expected
  - Setting up a data appliance was simpler than anticipated
- Working with Region 10 to improve the visualization and to make it easier to register sensors and flow data

# Improved Sensor Registration Process and QAQC implementation

## Progress to date:

- Three Sensors are currently flowing data to Currents:
  - -Nooksack at Ferndale; Nooksack at Lynden; and Fishtrap and Lynden
- Data Appliance complete:
  - Data ingestion software complete and ready for deployment
  - Allows for optional QAQC implementation
  - Available on EPA GitHub: <https://github.com/USEPA/Interoperable-Watersheds-Network-Data-Appliance>
- QAQC implementation:
  - Tests for values outside of range and removes values outside of range while also keeping the raw data

## Future Tasks:

- Deploy to OEI Amazon Cloud

# Interoperable Watersheds Network

## Organization

<b>Organization Identifier:</b>	epa
<b>Organization Name:</b>	U.S. EPA
<b>Organization Subpart Identifier:</b>	epar10
<b>Organization URL:</b>	www.epa.gov
<b>Contact Name:</b>	Anne Dalrymple
<b>Contact Email:</b>	dalrymple.anne@epa.gov

## Sensors

[Add](#)

Sensor Id	Sensor Name	Ingest Frequency	Last Ingested	QC	Status
<a href="#">213204</a>	Nooksack@Ferndale	15 min	2018-04-13 04:00:41.975126		
<a href="#">213205</a>	Nooksack@Lynden	15 min	2018-04-13 04:00:41.975126		
<a href="#">213206</a>	Fishtrap@Lynden	15 min	2018-04-13 04:00:41.975126		

Showing 1 to 3 of 3 rows

## Organization

Org

Org

Org

Org

Cor

Cor

## Sensor

Sens

2132

2132

2132

Show

### Add Sensor

×

Sensor Information

Sensor Data

Sensor ID

Enter sensor ID

Short name

Enter sensor's short name

Long name

Enter sensor's long name

Latitude (WGS84)

Enter sensor's latitude

Longitude (WGS84)

Enter sensor's longitude

Altitude (optional)

Enter sensor's altitude

Timezone

Select sensor's timezone

Ingest Frequency (minutes)

Enter sensor's ingest frequency

Fields marked with  are required.

Save changes

Close

Add

S



## Add Sensor



### Sensor Information

### Sensor Data

Data Location (URL)

Enter data location (URL)

Data Quality

Select data quality

Timestamp Data Column

Enter timestamp data column

☐ Apply QC to Parameter Data

### Parameter Data Columns

Parameter

Select a parameter

Data Column

Enter the parameter's data column

Add

Parameter

Data Column

Colored dissolved organic matter (CDOM)

C

Dissolved Oxygen

F

Fields marked with \* are required.

Save changes

Close

## Add Sensor



### Sensor Information

### Sensor Data

Data Location (URL)

Enter data location (URL)

Data Quality

Select data quality



Select a parameter

Barometric pressure  
Chlorophyll  
Colored dissolved organic matter (CDOM)  
Conductivity  
Depth  
Dew point  
Discharge  
Dissolved Oxygen  
Dissolved Oxygen Saturation  
Escherichia coli  
Flow  
Flow, Total  
Height, gage  
Inorganic Nitrogen (Nitrate and Nitrite)  
Lake or reservoir water surface elevation  
Light, photosynthetic active radiation (PAR)  
Nitrate as N  
Oxidation Reduction Potential (ORP)  
Petroleum Hydrocarbons  
pH  
Phosphate as P  
Phosphate as PO4

☐ Apply QC to Parameter Data

Column

the parameter's data column

Add

	Data Column
	C
	F

Save changes

Close

Contact Name:

Contact Email:

## Sensors

Sensor Id	Sensor Name
213204	Nooksack
213205	Nooksack
213206	Fishtrap@

Showing 1 to 3 of 3 rows

### Quality Control



Parameter

Dissolved Oxygen

Operand

>

Threshold

200

Action

Select action

Fields marked with \* are required.

Save changes

Close

## Quality Control

Add

Search

Parameter	Operand	Threshold	Action
Escherichia coli	>	5000	Discard

Showing 1 to 1 of 1 rows



# QUESTIONS?

Dwane Young

[Young.dwane@epa.gov](mailto:Young.dwane@epa.gov)

202-566-1214

